

SHOREHAM

DISTRICT

ORNITHOLOGICAL

SOCIETY

NEWSLETTER

September 2004

Autumn Welcome

Autumn on the Norfolk coast is always fauna. exciting, with my favourite waders in and I wish others luck in finding quality. yourselves.

I am writing this in the last week of we can look forward to seeing places we August, before I leave to spend a month know, and others we shall want to exwith the wardening team at Titchwell. plore, with a wide range of flora and

John Maskell will introduce us to great numbers and variety. I hope to see Balazs Szigeti and the wild delights of little stints and curlew sandpipers, with Eastern Europe, where the countryside is perhaps a wanderer from America or Si-less damaged by development and intenberia. Lately I have been counting the sive agriculture, and the fields still hold ringed players and deulin at Widewater bustards and cornerakes. John and Shena and Shoreham, inspecting them for any- have written in previous newsletters thing unusual. The quantity is growing, about their adventures - come and see for





In the last newsletter, Stanley Allen nities for birds. In this issue, Bernie have on our doorstep one of the great Forbes explains what is happening there success stories of habitat restoration, now, and Chris Cockburn, RSPB Warden from drained dry fields to the core of an Shoreham.

One compensation as evenings grow darker is a new series of SDOS indoor Forbes in December. Before then, Chanmeetings. Chris Wright has once again try Hill should hold some birds of prey, found some fine speakers and subjects, and will the bramblings and other finches and we look forward to seeing plenty of flock there again? Shellness also has harpeople at these friendly gatherings.

Our first visitor is Patrick Coulcher, into roost. all-round naturalist and author of books well as the South Downs. Patrick has ber 28th. walked most of the Downland paths, and Keith Noble, Newsletter Editor.

Pete Hughes will show us the Arun wrote about the high water levels at valley as seen by a Warden dealing with Widewater, limiting the feeding opportu- 'Cows, Ducks, Snails and Water'. We tells us about the Adur Estuary reserve in internationally important wetland in ten

> You can visit the valley with Bernie riers, with wildfowl, and waders swirling

Finally, Santa will be at Shoreham Fort on Scilly and the Cuckmere valley, as for a Seasonal Saunter at 9.00 on Decem-

INDOOR MEETINGS

Meetings are held on Tuesdays at 7.30 p.m. in St. Peter's Church Hall, West Street, Shoreham.

October 5th

Natural History of the South Downs

Patrick Coulcher

November 2nd **Ecotours in Eastern Europe**

Balazs Szigeti and John Maskell

December 7th Pulborough and Amberley Re-

Pete Hughes, RSPB Warden

FIELD OUTINGS

October 23rd-Sat. **Chantry Hill, Storrington**

Meet 09.30 in car park at Chan-

OS sheet 197. GR TQ087119 Leader Chris Wright 01903 814859

November 27th-Sat. Shellness, Sheppey, Kent

Meet 09.30 at start of bumpy road to NNR car park. OS Sheet 178, GR TR046693 Leader Chris Wright 01903 814859

December 5th-Sun. Arun valley

Meet 09.30 in Greatham Bridge

OS sheet 197. GR TQ032163 Leader Bernie Forbes 01903 753876

Widewater levels

Bernie Forbes has succeeded Stanley Allen as the SDOS representative on the RSPB owned a nature reserve at Shore-Widewater management group. Here is ham." his account of what they do.

Andy Horton of the British Marine Life to the reserve; once, when I submitted Study Society, Susan Heather and David records to 'another' ornithological soci-Wood of Friends Of Widewater Lagoon, ety, much the same was said! John Knight and Neil Mitchell of West Sussex County Council's Countryside hectares of saltmarsh and intertidal mudteam, and Richard Wickens of Lancing flats West of the Adur and South of the Parish Council. The group seeks help on A259. It is often viewed from Coronation environmental issues from Jon Curson of Green, from the Adur Drawbridge and, of English Nature and Kate Potter of the course, from the footpath alongside the Environment Agency.

The group aims to:

consider management issues and propos- frequently monitored. Now the Warden als, and advise on practical solutions;

monitor and review the implementation RSPB regional Health and Safety Coordiof the Management Plan;

identify priorities for study.

but we hope we can look after Widewater Counts. and make it better for all users.

One of the biggest problems is who owns it and looks after it. There are various parties involved-Adur District, Lancing Parish, and West Sussex County, Councils, and the Environment Agency. This hotchpotch could lead to problems and confusions, so the Management group tries to steer a clear path.

The recent installation and operation of the Mitigation pipe has been a contentious issue. The aim of this sluice is to increase the water level, and some local residents want a pretty pond without muddy edges. Therefore careful monitoring of levels is needed to create a balanced habitat for flora and fauna.

What happens now? Well, the sluice has been set up with the valve at 50% open, and the boards in place to keep out sea water from tides less than 5.8 metres. So when tides are higher than this, water remove threats from development. In flow can take place. This replenishes wa- 1987, English Nature designated the Reter at times of peak evaporation in sum- serve, together with the River Adur up to mer. It should allow plenty of muddy and just beyond, the A27 flyover, a Site edges for wildlife to feed and flourish, of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), for including the ringed plovers which at- its mudflats and saltmarsh, and the sometempt to breed here, and other waders on times internationally important numbers passage.

checks are being made. If water levels tween Rye and Pagham Harbours. fall very low, or there is fast evaporation in very hot weather, the valve could be Nature declared the SSSI to be in opened to its maximum, or boards may 'favourable condition' and the RSPB be lowered to allow lesser tides to top up aims to maintain that condition. As the the lagoon. This procedure will be in main threat to wintering waders is from place for one year to see if it works, with disturbance, and as trampling damages a review at a later date.

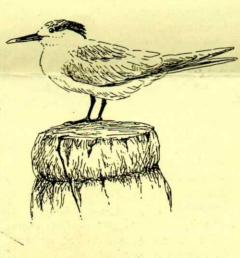
Bernie Forbes, SDOS President

Adur Estuary RSPB Reserve

"What reserve? I never realised the

I often hear this comment when I talk The other members of the group are to people on one of my infrequent visits

But the RSPB does indeed own 10.26 houseboats. When the RSPB Regional Office was in Shoreham, the reserve was of Langstone Harbour (who is also the nator) manages the reserve; unfortunately assist with monitoring and research, and his workload allows only limited time for visits. The region's Reserves Manager Well, that all sounds very complicated, also carries out the monthly WeBS Core



The RSPB bought the site in 1986 to of ringed plovers. The estuary contains Monitoring is in place, and visual the only significant area of saltmarsh be-

> Following a survey in 2003, English fragile saltmarsh, the RSPB operates a restricted access policy.

The last few years have seen an apparent decline in the number of small waders using the estuary, which seems relatively greater than that in other south coast estuaries. Many readers will fondly remember the busy flocks of dunlin that fed between the houseboats and the drawbridge. Perhaps the decline is due to the colonisation of bare mud by cord grass, Spartina. Interestingly, the SSSI citation stated that the estuarine plant communities were unusual for the relative scarcity of cord grass. In contrast, cord grass communities in other south coast estuaries are fast disappearing, for reasons unknown.

However the availability of safe roosting sites is of prime importance to wader populations and evidence from high tide counts suggests that there is a shortage of undisturbed sites. The increased aircraft usage at Shoreham Airport and the popularity of Shoreham Beach for recreation may be among the reasons for the decline in the use of known roosting sites. The Warden would greatly appreciate any records indicating the size, location, (Grid Reference, please) and disturbances of small-wader roosts.

A programme of four monthly winter low-tide counts, started in 2002, should give a better understanding of the areas used by small waders. Some of the low tide counts were higher than the corresponding high tide roost counts. Any bird count records from within the SSSI would be very useful and much appreciated.

No waders have been confirmed as breeding on the reserve, which is mostly flooded on the big spring tides, but the behaviour of an oystercatcher suggested that there might have been a nesting attempt this summer.

Apart from the species already mentioned, the site is much used by lapwings, redshanks, snipe and turnstones. A great experience is to watch the emergence of

Sales Department!

The Society has two products which may be of interest to members.

These are always available at indoor meetings and usually on outings.

1. SDOS Car Sticker - £1 or £1.20 by post.

2. "SDOS Golden Jubilee"

ball-point pen. Black ink. Black and



white plastic pen with single commemorative inscription. Comfortable rubber grip. £1 or £1.25 by post. John Maskell

140 or so previously unseen snipe from Common scoter 62E the saltmarsh as the big tides flow in. One Velvet scoter 23E (with the shovelers) redshank of note was the 'white' bird that Grey plover 6E was regularly recorded here in the nine- Bar-tailed godwit 17E & 8W ties; it is interesting that a 'white red- Whimbrel 30E & 1W shank was regularly seen at Farlington Little gull 9E Marshes in Langstone Harbour in those Mediterranean gull years, but always earlier in the autumn.

its landscape value and as an interesting fishing area to walk around on the surrounding Common tern 188E footpaths. The RSPB hopes, with coop- Little tern 15E eration from Adur District Council, to John Newnham provide signs for the reserve to remind people of the importance for wildlife. We are also addressing the problem of abandoned and derelict boats on the site.

The Warden's contact details are:

Chris Cockburn RSPB Warden Langstone Harbour Unit 3B, The Wren Centre Westbourne Road **EMSWORTH** PO10 7SU Phone/fax 01243 378784 Mobile 07764 290629

What was about?

As a reminder to those who were there, and to encourage others to come on our lost sight of the bird. outings, here are accounts of two memorable days this Spring.

Goring Seawatch, April 25th

What a turn-out! 21 people were lined outing, but only about eight of us could fit into the shelter, which had been vanand others who tidied up the bottles and was disappointed with what was seen_ flight views. Jim Steedman was certainly expecting some 'wonderful' species and these I (parties of Poms moved up the Channel the following afternoon), but some of the from 1978 to 2003 is 970 Poms to 967 velvets) must be a sight to remember. The soft onshore winds gave us regular terns, waders and ducks to watch.

Here is just a selection: Red-throated diver 2E Gannet 6E Shoveler 2E

19E, including a party of 8 calling frequently

New Forest, May 23rd

Twenty-one members gathered in the car park at Fritham and took a new route via Hiscock's Hill to Amberwood Inclosure. We heard plenty of cuckoos calling and busily flying all over the place. Good numbers of redstarts were calling from deep cover, but we managed to find one singing atop of a silver birch and giving us all superb views. We had good views of tree pipits too, most of them singing.

A high-flying raptor turned out to be a honey buzzard. It was joined briefly by a common buzzard, and soared up to a great height. The long tail and pinched wings could be made out, although all our necks were totally strained and we

In the woods we managed to hear several wood warblers and had close views of a couple-one was displaying and going through its magical shivering flight. Taking a short break, we discovered a up on the beach for the annual sea-watch pair of spotted flycatchers flitting around the canopy and could just make out the weak calls. During the rest of the morndalised. Thanks must go to Clive Hope ing we saw grey wagtail, blackcap and nuthatch, and heard great spotted wooddebris, even laying down a green carpet pecker drumming, and calling firecrest. to make the shelter usable. I hope no-one We flushed a woodlark and had brief

We took lunch with the sun at our backs and terrific clear light, looking think he got. Sorry there were no skuas north across the heath and surrounding woodland. We found another honey buzzard high up, and it was joined by a comother birds were really interesting and mon buzzard. As they gained height, we some offered good views. I have never could make out the different profiles of been on a sea-watch anywhere that re- the two species, although at a great discorded 19 Mediterranean gulls, and the tance. The honey was joined by a pereflock of 23 velvet scoters, (which are just grine and a flying display took place. A scarcer than Pomarine skuas-grand total smaller falcon, probably a hobby, joined them briefly.

After lunch, we found another pair of spotted flycatchers, and watched them closely as they whizzed around the trees. This year was a good one for these birds; We had good views of several Dartford warblers as they busied themselves in the heather, their presence often given away by the accompanying stonechats.

Suddenly we picked up a red kite high to the south, and had prolonged views as it flew over-a very nice bonus bird. On the return journey we were entertained by a fly-over little egret, another pair of grey wagtails, and a lovely singing garden warbler. There were still more singing redstarts and wood warblers. We spent Many people appreciate the reserve for Sandwich tern 63E & 2W, plus some the last hour or so on the heath overlooking woodland. A hawfinch flew into the top of a pine, then off again as we trained our binoculars and had good views as it went away. We saw more common buzzards, a couple of sparrowhawks, and a pair of woodlarks. The larks' beaks were crammed full of food for young, so we picked our way carefully back to the

> The weather was perfect and the birds on form. Even the most demanding birder could go home happy.

Bernie Forbes

Quarry species

Some of you will know the old cement works near Upper Beeding. The SDOS has been involved with this site for many years, primarily because peregrines nest there. It may have held the first inland nest of peregrines in Sussex.



In the early years, when this raptor was still very scarce, we had a rota of volunteers to keep watch and try to prevent egg thieves, or potential climbers from snatching the young. The good news is that we don't have daily cover any more, although Chris Wright monitors this site on a regular basis. In fact, if Chris is not at home, his wife Paddy will tell you he is up with his peregrines.

4 eggs hatched and 3 young fledged. They are still around the vicinity, adding to the Sussex population—I think nearly 50 young may have been raised. (contd.)

Bird Table Notes

If the consumption of Hi Energy No Mess my Steyninggarden is a true indicator, the greenfinches



and blue tits had a good breeding season. Young long-tailed tits and coal tits have visited too, but great spotted woodpeck- Hollingbury. Here are some tips from our ers just bounce over or call 'chick' from Recorder, Peter Whitcomb. the old fruit trees down the road, where I think they nested. Only one youngster optimum time for raptor passage in the briefly visited the hanging peanut holders, and they have ignored the log which I drilled and stuffed with fat to tempt them. Instead, jackdaws and starlings hack and sible. pick out that food.



August has brought willow warblers to chase flies round the birch tree, and two 'lbjs' peeping out of the lilac and tamarisk, one in shades of milky coffee with a round friendly face, the other more tawny, low-browed and sharp-billed-a garden warbler and a reed warbler. They has made this site home, and this year a The SDOS anniversary book is on sale at brought my garden total this year up to staggering 5 chicks hatched. All reached meetings and for £15 plus £2.50 p&p 33. I'm entering weekly counts on the the flying stage, but unfortunately, when from SDOS Pubns., 7 Berberis Court, SDOS Garden Bird Survey Forms, which they are learning to fly, they are not the SHOREHAM-BY-SEA, BN43 6JA. can be obtained from

FERRING, BN12 5RD.

newsletter.

Keith Noble

I will lift up mine eves...

head for the hills, choose a sheltered spot bers that entry to the quarry is prohibited able and-no, don't go to sleep!-scour good views of peregrines and ravens can the sky for birds of prey.

and national populations of ospreys, Truleigh Hill. The best time to visit is marsh harriers and kites increase, there perhaps a warm sunny evening from May are more birds to look for. Their numbers onwards. You could even catch all the are augmented by migrants from the con-ravens cronking as they fly in to roost. tinent. In the record-breaking late Sep- Bernie Forbes tember of 2000, 85 honey buzzards were noted in our Area, mostly by members of the Whitcomb family watching from

Records from recent years suggest the autumn is during the last two weeks of September. Common buzzards, honey buzzards, ospreys and harriers are all pos-

In urban areas with gull populations. the tell-tale sign of a large raptor passing is when the gulls go up, and their alarm calls can pinpoint the cause of the fright. There is just a chance it might be a heron, but more often it is a large raptor.

Alternatively, a walk along the Downs could be a good idea. Find a spot with a good vantage point and sit for an hour or two, any time but generally after 10am. A scope can come in handy for attempting to identify distant birds. Although not quite as good a method as with the gulls, it's worth listening for corvids which will certainly try to see off a raptor passing over their territory.

Downland sites in late autumn can always turn up two winter visitors—hen harrier and merlin-and at the same time perhaps flocks of passing skylarks or finches.

Please send your records for the Shoreham Bird Report to Peter Whitcomb, 99 Barnett Road, BRIGHTON, BN1 7GJ. Recording forms are available-please enclose postage with your request.

Quarry species, contd.

For the last three years, a pair of ravens sdos.org. was sitting on the cliff top. Raising 4 to welcome), contact: Please send me all your most inter- the flying stage is really very good. Chris terrance.hicks@talk21.com esting garden observations for the Winter has done an excellent job in monitoring Items for next newsletter to Keith Noble, these birds and acting as liaison officer 19 Roman Road, STEYNING,

had 4-wheel drive activities suspended inside the quarry during the critical times On fine days this autumn, why not for these species. I should remind memwith a big view, make yourself comfort- because of safety issues. With patience, be had from the public road that runs to As the local population of buzzards, the east of the site on the way up to

A good read

'there was a commotion in the flock. The calls of the geese grew louder, more urgent. Suddenly, as if detonated, the flock took wing. Thirty thousand geese lifted off the ice in front of us, wingbeats drumming the air, goose yelps gathering to a pounding, metallic yammer, the sound of steel being hammered on anvils. in caverns. The ice thrummed and sang with it. The exploded flock filled our fields of vision, a blizzard of birds. Most of the geese flew in low circles, but some settled back on the ice almost immediately, while others continued to gain height. Drifts of geese passed through, behind and across other drifts of geese; the flock kept wheeling round and round, swirling with eddies and countermotions, a salt-and-pepper chaos of blue-phase and white-phase birds lit by quick lame sparklings of white wingbacks catching the sunlight. Whole swatches of the flock went dark when birds flew side-on, and swatches flashed white when they banked or veered, breasting the light. Then slowly, goose by goose, the flock settled again: the almond shape reformed; the extravagant din dwindled; the steady flock drone resumed. For a moment, I had forgotten to breathe."

William Fiennes tracked geese from Texas to Hudson Bay. He writes vividly so that you share his journey. 'The Snow Geese' is a Picador paperback.

Notices

You can visit the new SDOS website at:

sharpest tools in the box. One of the Membership of the SDOS Internet User Martin Ford, 29 Foam Court Waye, youngsters was killed by a fox when it Group is by invitation (all members are

with the land owners and police. He even BN44 3FN, by 22 November, please.